

Study of the Influence of Nozzle Length and Jet Angles on the Air Entrainment by Plunging Water Jets

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Abstract : When a vertical liquid jet plunges into a liquid surface, after passing through a surrounding gas phase, it entrains a large amount of gas bubbles into the receiving pool, and it forms a large submerged two-phase region with a considerable interfacial area. At the intersection of the plunging jet and the liquid surface, free-surface instabilities are developed, and gas entrainment may be observed. If the jet impact velocity exceeds an inception velocity that is a function of the plunging flow conditions, the gas entrainment takes place. The general goal of this work is to study the effect of nozzle parameters (length-to-diameter ratio (lN/dN) , jet angle (α) with the free water surface) and the jet operating conditions (initial jet diameters dN , initial jet velocity VN , and jet length $x1$) on the flow characteristics such as: inception velocity of the gas entrainment Ve , bubble penetration depth Hp , gas entrainment rate, Qa , centerline jet velocity Vc , and the axial jet velocity distribution Vx below the free water surface in a plunging liquid jet system.

Keywords : inclined plunging water jets, entrainment, two phase flow, nozzle length

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