## Conditions on Expressing a Matrix as a Sum of $\alpha$ -Involutions

Authors : Ric Joseph R. Murillo, Edna N. Gueco, Dennis I. Merino

**Abstract :** Let F be C or R, where C and R are the set of complex numbers and real numbers, respectively, and n be a natural number. An n-by-n matrix A over the field F is called an  $\alpha$ -involutory matrix or an  $\alpha$ -involution if there exists an  $\alpha$  in the field such that the square of the matrix is equal to  $\alpha I$ , where I is the n-by-n identity matrix. If  $\alpha$  is a complex number or a nonnegative real number, then an n-by-n matrix A over the field F can be written as a sum of n-by-n  $\alpha$ -involutory matrices over the field F if and only if the trace of that matrix is an integral multiple of the square root of  $\alpha$ . Meanwhile, if  $\alpha$  is a negative real number, then a 2n-by-2n matrix A over R can be written as a sum of 2n-by-2n  $\alpha$ -involutory matrices over R if and only the trace of the matrix is zero. Some other properties of  $\alpha$ -involutory matrices are also determined

**Keywords** :  $\alpha$ -involutory Matrices, sum of  $\alpha$ -involutory Matrices, Trace, Matrix Theory

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