

## Investigation of Nd-Al-Fe Added Nd-Fe-B Alloy Produced by Arc Melting

**Authors :** Gülten Sadullahoğlu, Baki Altunçevahir

**Abstract :** The scope of this study, to investigate the magnetic properties and microstructure of  $\text{Nd}_2\text{Fe}_{14}\text{B}_1$  by alloying with  $\text{Nd}_{33.4}\text{Fe}_{62.6}\text{Al}_4$ , and heat treating it at different temperatures. The stoichiometric  $\text{Nd}_2\text{Fe}_{14}\text{B}$  hard magnetic alloy and  $\text{Nd}_{33.4}\text{Fe}_{62.6}\text{Al}_4$  composition was produced by arc melting under argon atmosphere. The  $\text{Nd}_{33.4}\text{Fe}_{62.6}\text{Al}_4$  alloy has added to the 2:14:1 hard magnetic alloy with 48% by weight, and melted again by arc melting. Then, it was heat treated at 600, 700 and 800 °C for 3h under vacuum. In AC magnetic susceptibility measurements, for the as-cast sample, the signals decreased sharply at 101 °C and 313 °C corresponding to the Curie temperatures of the two ferromagnetic phases in addition to Fe phase. For the sample annealed at 600 °C, two Curie points were observed at about 257 °C and at 313 °C. However, the phase corresponding to the Curie temperature of 101 °C was disappeared. According to the magnetization measurements, the saturation magnetization has the highest value of 99.8 emu/g for the sample annealed at 600 °C, and decreased to 57.66 and 28.6 emu/g for the samples annealed at 700 ° and 800 °C respectively. Heat treatment resulted in an evolution of the new phase that caused changes in magnetic properties of the alloys. In order to have a clear picture, the identification of these phases are being under the investigation by XRD and SEM-EDX analysis.

**Keywords :** NdFeB hard magnets, bulk magnetic materials, arc melting, Curie temperature, heat treatment

**Conference Title :** ICMMM 2017 : International Conference on Magnetism and Magnetic Materials

**Conference Location :** Barcelona, Spain

**Conference Dates :** August 17-18, 2017