

Performance and Processing Evaluation of Solid Oxide Cells by Co-Sintering of GDC Buffer Layer and LSCF Air Electrode

Authors : Hyun-Jong Choi, Minjun Kwak, Doo-Won Seo, Sang-Kuk Woo, Sun-Dong Kim

Abstract : Solid Oxide Cell(SOC) systems can contribute to the transition to the hydrogen society by utilized as a power and hydrogen generator by the electrochemical reaction with high efficiency at high operation temperature ($>750\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$). $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{Co}_{1-y}\text{Fe}_y\text{O}_3$, which is an air electrode, is occurred stability degradations due to reaction and delamination with yttria stabilized zirconia(YSZ) electrolyte in a water electrolysis mode. To complement this phenomenon SOCs need gadolinium doped ceria(GDC) buffer layer between electrolyte and air electrode. However, GDC buffer layer requires a high sintering temperature and it causes a reaction with YSZ electrolyte. This study carried out low temperature sintering of GDC layer by applying Cu-oxide as a sintering aid. The effect of a copper additive as a sintering aid to lower the sintering temperature for the construction of solid oxide fuel cells (SOFCs) was investigated. GDC buffer layer with 0.25-10 mol% CuO sintering aid was prepared by reacting GDC powder and copper nitrate solution followed by heating at $600\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The sintering of CuO-added GDC powder was optimized by investigating linear shrinkage, microstructure, grain size, ionic conductivity, and activation energy of CuO-GDC electrolytes at temperatures ranging from 1100 to $1400\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The sintering temperature of the CuO-GDC electrolyte decreases from $1400\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $1100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ by adding the CuO sintering aid. The ionic conductivity of the CuO-GDC electrolyte shows a maximum value at 0.5 mol% of CuO. However, the addition of CuO has no significant effects on the activation energy of GDC electrolyte. GDC-LSCF layers were co-sintering at 1050 and $1100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and button cell tests were carried out at $750\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Keywords : Co-Sintering, GDC-LSCF, Sintering Aid, solid Oxide Cells

Conference Title : ICHEFCT 2017 : International Conference on Hydrogen Energy and Fuel Cells Technology

Conference Location : Amsterdam, Netherlands

Conference Dates : December 04-05, 2017