

Catalytic Deoxygenation of Propionic Acid in the Vapour Phase

Authors : Hossein Bayahia, Mohammed Saad Motlaq Al-Gahmdi

Abstract : The gas-phase deoxygenation of propionic acid was investigated in the presence of Co-Mo catalysts in N₂ or H₂ flow at 200-400 °C. In the presence of N₂ the main product was 3-pentanone with other deoxygenates and some light gases: ethane and ethene. Using H₂ flow, the catalyst was active for decarboxylation and decarbonylation of acid and the yields of ethane and ethene. The decarboxylation and decarbonylation reactions increased with increasing temperature. Cobalt-molybdenum supported on alumina showed better performance than bulk catalyst, especially at 400 °C in the presence of N₂ for the ketonisation of propionic acid to form 3-pentanone as the main product. Bulk and supported catalysts were characterized by surface area porosity (BET), thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) and diffuse reflectance infrared Fourier transform spectroscopy (DRIFTS) of pyridine adsorption.

Keywords : deoxygenation, propionic acid, gas-phase, catalyst

Conference Title : ICSRD 2020 : International Conference on Scientific Research and Development

Conference Location : Chicago, United States

Conference Dates : December 12-13, 2020