Identifying Factors for Evaluating Livability Potential within a Metropolis: A Case of Kolkata

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Abstract : Livability is a holistic concept whose factors include many complex characteristics and levels of interrelationships among them. It has been considered as people's need for public amenities and is recognized as a major element to create social welfare. The concept and principles of livability are essential for recognizing the significance of community wellbeing. The attributes and dimensions of livability are also important aspects to measure the overall quality of environment. Livability potential is mainly considered as the capacity to develop into the overall well-being of an urban area in future. The intent of the present study is to identify the prime factors to evaluate livability potential within a metropolis. For ground level case study, the paper has selected Kolkata Metropolitan Area (KMA) as it has wide physical, social, and economic variations within it. The initial part of the study deals with detailed literature review on livability and its significance of evaluate livability potential within a metropolis. In pursuit of identifying primary factors, which have a direct impact on urban livability, this study delineates the metropolitan area into various clusters, having their distinct livability potential. As a final outcome of the study, variations of livability potential of those selected clusters are highlighted to explain the complexity of the metropolitan development.

Keywords : Kolkata Metropolitan Area (KMA), livability potential, metropolis, wellbeing

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