

Comparative Analysis of Yield before and after Access to Extension Services among Crop Farmers in Bauchi Local Government Area of Bauchi State, Nigeria

Authors : U. S. Babuga, A. H. Danwanka, A. Garba

Abstract : The research was carried out to compare the yield of respondents before and after access to extension services on crop production technologies in the study area. Data were collected from the study area through questionnaires administered to seventy-five randomly selected respondents. Data were analyzed using descriptive statistics, t-test and regression models. The result disclosed that majority (97%) of the respondent attended one form of school or the other. The majority (78.67%) of the respondents had farm size ranging between 1-3 hectares. The majority of the respondent adopt improved variety of crops, plant spacing, herbicide, fertilizer application, land preparation, crop protection, crop processing and storage of farm produce. The result of the t-test between the yield of respondents before and after access to extension services shows that there was a significant ($p < 0.001$) difference in yield before and after access to extension. It also indicated that farm size was significant ($p < 0.001$) while household size, years of farming experience and extension contact were significant at ($p < 0.005$). The major constraint to adoption of crop production technologies were shortage of extension agents, high cost of technology and lack of access to credit facility. The major pre-requisite for the improvement of extension service are employment of more extension agents or workers and adequate training. Adequate agricultural credit to farmers at low interest rates will enhance their adoption of crop production technologies.

Keywords : comparative, analysis, yield, access, extension

Conference Title : ICSAEF 2016 : International Conference on Sustainable Agriculture, Environment and Forestry

Conference Location : Paris, France

Conference Dates : August 22-23, 2016