

## Mass Polarization in Three-Body System with Two Identical Particles

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**Abstract :** The mass-polarization term of the three-body kinetic energy operator is evaluated for different systems which include two identical particles:  $A+A+B$ . The term has to be taken into account for the analysis of  $AB$ - and  $AA$ -interactions based on experimental data for two- and three-body ground state energies. In this study, we present three-body calculations within the framework of a potential model for the kaonic clusters  $K-K-p$  and  $ppK^-$ , nucleus  ${}^3H$  and hypernucleus  ${}^6_{\Lambda}He$ . The systems are well clustering as  $A+(A+B)$  with a ground state energy  $E_2$  for the pair  $A+B$ . The calculations are performed using the method of the Faddeev equations in configuration space. The phenomenological pair potentials were used. We show a correlation between the mass ratio  $m_A/m_B$  and the value  $\delta B$  of the mass-polarization term. For bosonic-like systems, this value is defined as  $\delta B = 2E_2 - E_3$ , where  $E_3$  is three-body energy when  $V_{AA} = 0$ . For the systems including three particles with spin(isospin), the models with average  $AB$ -potentials are used. In this case, the Faddeev equations become a scalar one like for the bosonic-like system  $\alpha\Lambda\Lambda$ . We show that the additional energy connected with the mass-polarization term can be decomposed to a sum of the two parts: exchange related and reduced mass related. The state of the system can be described as the following: the particle  $A_1$  is bound within the  $A + B$  pair with the energy  $E_2$ , and the second particle  $A_2$  is bound with the pair with the energy  $E_3 - E_2$ . Due to the identity of  $A$  particles, the particles  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are interchangeable in the pair  $A + B$ . We shown that the mass polarization  $\delta B$  correlates with a type of  $AB$  potential using the system  $\alpha\Lambda\Lambda$  as an example.

**Keywords :** three-body systems, mass polarization, Faddeev equations, nuclear interactions

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