

## Medicinal Plants Used by Moroccan People in the Management of Diabetes and Hypertension

**Authors :** Alami Ilyass, Kharchoufa Loubna, Alachouri Mostafa

**Abstract :** Cardiovascular disease (CDV) remains the major cause of morbidity; mortality and disability throughout the world. The ethnopharmacological and ethnobotanical studies are the paramount importance to set a high value on phylogenetic resources and to address health problems of some communities; especially poor peoples. Our work presents an analysis of published data from studies, that have been undertaken, in Morocco, by different seeker teams in separately areas during the last decades. Objectives: Evaluate and identify medicinal plants used for cardiovascular treatment by Moroccan people. Methodology: All these studies have the same approaches ; they were conducted by interviewing people suffering from diabetes. We use Factorial Analysis (FA) and principal Components analysis (PCA) to analyse the aggregated data from the different studies. Results: globally; 95 plants species were listed; all these plant were used empirically by Moroccan society for treating cardiovascular problems. These plants were divided in to 42 families and 87 genus. The lamiaceae; asteraceae; Apiaceae and poaceae are the botanical families with high number of plant species. Conclusion: Traditional medicine has been widely used for treatment of cardiovascular problems and it has been recognized as an interesting alternative to conventional medicine.

**Keywords :** cardiovascular, ethnobotanical, medicinal plants, Morocco

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