

Microstructure and Electrochemical Properties of $\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3-x}\text{Al}_x\text{O}_2$ Cathode Material for Lithium Ion Batteries

Authors : Wei-Bo Hua, Zhuo Zheng, Xiao-Dong Guo, Ben-He Zhong

Abstract : The layered structure $\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3-x}\text{Al}_x\text{O}_2$ ($x = 0 \sim 0.04$) series cathode materials were synthesized by a carbonate co-precipitation method, followed by a high temperature calcination process. The influence of Al substitution on the microstructure and electrochemical performances of the prepared materials was investigated by X-Ray diffraction (XRD), scanning electron microscopy (SEM), and galvanostatic charge/discharge test. The results show that the $\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3-x}\text{Al}_x\text{O}_2$ has a well-ordered hexagonal " α "- NaFeO_2 structure. Although the discharge capacity of Al-doped samples decreases as x increases, $\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3-0.02}\text{Al}_{0.02}\text{O}_2$ exhibits superior capacity retention at high voltage (4.6 V). Therefore, $\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3-0.02}\text{Al}_{0.02}\text{O}_2$ is a promising material for "green" vehicles.

Keywords : lithium ion battery, carbonate co-precipitation, doping, microstructure, electrochemical properties

Conference Title : ICCBBE 2016 : International Conference on Chemical, Biochemical and Biomolecular Engineering

Conference Location : London, United Kingdom

Conference Dates : February 25-26, 2016