

## Studying the Antiapoptotic Activity of B Cells from Cord Blood Based Mesenchymal Stem Cells as an Approach to Treat Diabetes Mellitus

**Authors :** Parcha Sreenivasa Rao, P. Lakshmi

**Abstract :** Diabetes Mellitus is metabolic disorder, characterized by high glucose levels in the blood due to one of the reason i.e., the death of  $\beta$  cells. The lack of  $\beta$  cells leads to the reduced insulin levels. The  $\beta$  cell death generally occurs due to apoptosis induced by the several cytokines. IL-1 $\beta$ , IFN-  $\gamma$  and TNF - $\alpha$  cytokines that are generally cause apoptosis to the  $\beta$  cell. The nutrient based apoptosis is generally seen with high glucose and free fatty acids. It is also noted that the  $\beta$  cell death triggered by Fas ligand and its receptor Fas at the surface of the activated CD8+ T- lymphocytes. Reports also reveal that the  $\beta$  cell apoptosis is under control of the transcription factors NF-kB and STAT- 1. The arresting or opposing of the  $\beta$  cell apoptosis can be overcome by the different growth factors like GLP-1, growth hormone, prolactin, VEGF, Dipeptidyl peptidase-4, Vildagliptin, suberoylanilidehydroxamic acid, trichistatin-A, XIAP, Bcl-2, FGF-21. Present investigation explains antiapoptotic property of the  $\beta$  cells derived from the mesenchymal stem cells of umbilical cord.

**Keywords :** stem cells, umbilical cord, diabetes, apoptosis

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