

Exploring the Relationships between Cyberbullying Perceptions and Facebook Attitudes of Turkish Students

Authors : Yavuz Erdoğan, Hidayet Çiftçi

Abstract : Cyberbullying, a phenomenon among adolescents, is defined as actions that use information and communication technologies such as social media to support deliberate, repeated, and hostile behaviour by an individual or group. With the advancement in communication and information technology, cyberbullying has expanded its boundaries among students in schools. Thus, parents, psychologists, educators, and lawmakers must become aware of the potential risks of this phenomenon. In the light of these perspectives, this study aims to investigate the relationships between cyberbullying perception and Facebook attitudes of Turkish students. A survey method was used for the study and the data were collected by "Cyberbullying Perception Scale", "Facebook Attitude Scale" and "Personal Information Form". For this purpose, study has been conducted during 2014-2015 academic year, with a total of 748 students with 493 male (%65.9) and 255 female (%34.1) from randomly selected high schools. In the analysis of data Pearson correlation and multiple regression analysis, multivariate analysis of variance (MANOVA) and Scheffe post hoc test has been used. At the end of the study, the results displayed a negative correlation between Turkish students' Facebook attitudes and cyberbullying perception ($r=-.210$; $p<0.05$). In order to identify the predictors of students' cyberbullying perception, multiple regression analysis was used. As a result, significant relations were detected between cyberbullying perception and independent variables ($F=5.102$; $p<0.05$). Independent variables together explain 11.0% of the total variance in cyberbullying scores. The variables that significantly predict the students' cyberbullying perception are Facebook attitudes ($t=-5.875$; $p<0.05$), and gender ($t=3.035$; $p<0.05$). In order to calculate the effects of independent variables on students' Facebook attitudes and cyberbullying perception MANOVA was conducted. The results of the MANOVA indicate that the Facebook attitudes and cyberbullying perception were significantly differed according to students' gender, age, educational attainment of the mother, educational attainment of the father, income of the family and daily usage of internet.

Keywords : facebook, cyberbullying, attitude, internet usage

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