

Antagonist Study of Fungi Isolated from the Burned Forests of Region of Mila, Algeria

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Abstract : The present study was initiated to: Determine burned forest-inhabiting fungi in Zouagha, Terri Beinène, Mila and study the antagonistic activity of *Trichoderma* sp against *Fusarium* sp, *Penicillium* sp, *Rhizoctonia* sp, *Alternaria* sp. 18 fungal strains were isolated from Soil samples taken from the forest Zouagha (Burned) in the region Mila representing 6 genera: *Trichoderma* sp et *Fusarium* sp, *Penicillium* sp, *Rhizoctonia* sp, *Alternaria* sp, *Rhizopus* sp. The tests of dual culture method on culture medium (PDA) against *Trichoderma* sp et *Fusarium* sp, *Penicillium* sp, *Rhizoctonia* sp, *Alternaria* sp revealed that: *Trichoderma* sp could reduce l mycelium growth of *Fusarium* sp 23.13%, *Penicillium* sp 33.13%, *Rhizoctonia* sp 33.75 % and *Alternaria* sp 38.31% in comparison with the witness after 6 days at room temperature. The strains of *Fusarium* sp, *Penicillium* sp, *Rhizoctonia* sp et *Alternaria* sp showed differences sensibility to the antagoniste.

Keywords : isolation, identification, molds, burned soil of zouagha, antagonism, trichoderma sp

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