

A Comparative Psychological Interventional Study of Nicotine Dependence in Schizophrenic Patients

Authors : S. Madhusudhan, G. V. Vaniprabha

Abstract : Worldwide statistics have shown that smoking contributes significantly to mortality, with nicotine, being more addictive. Smoking causes more than 7,00,000 deaths/year in India. Compared to the general population, the prevalence of smoking is found to be much higher among people with psychotic disorders and, more so in schizophrenia. Schizophrenic patients who smoke tend to have higher frequency of heavy smoking, with rates ranging from 60% to as high as 80%. Hence, smokers with psychiatric disorders suffer higher rates of morbidity and mortality secondary to smoking related illnesses.

Keywords : brief intervention, nicotine dependence, schizophrenia

Conference Title : ICPPNBCS 2015 : International Conference on Psychology, Psychiatry, Neurological, Behavioral and Cognitive Sciences

Conference Location : Berlin, Germany

Conference Dates : May 21-22, 2015