

Oxygen Absorption Enhancement during Sulfite Forced Oxidation in the Presence of Nano-Particles

Authors : Zhao Bo

Abstract : The $\text{TiO}_2\text{-Na}_2\text{SO}_3$ and $\text{SiO}_2\text{-Na}_2\text{SO}_3$ nano-fluids were prepared using ultrasonic dispersion method without any surfactant addition to study the influence of nano-fluids on the mass transfer during forced sulfite oxidation in a thermostatic stirred tank, and the kinetic viscosity of nano-fluids was measured. The influence of temperature ($30\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \sim 50\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), solid loading of fine particle ($0\text{ Kg/m}^3 \sim 1.0\text{ Kg/m}^3$), stirring speed ($50\text{ r/min} \sim 400\text{ r/min}$), and particle size ($10\text{ nm} \sim 100\text{ nm}$) on the average oxygen absorption rate were investigated in detail. Both TiO_2 nano-particles and SiO_2 nano-particles could remarkably improve the gas-liquid mass transfer. Oxygen absorption enhancement factor increases with the increase of solid loading of nano-particles to a critical value and then decreases with further increase of solid loading under $30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Oxygen absorption rate together with absorption enhancement factor increases with stirring speed. However, oxygen absorption enhancement factor decreases with the increase of temperature due to aggregation of nano-particles. Further inherent relationship between particle size, loading, surface area, viscosity, stirring speed, temperature, adsorption, desorption, and mass transfer was discussed in depth by analyzing the interaction mechanism.

Keywords : fine particles, nano-fluid, mass transfer enhancement, solid loading

Conference Title : ICSRD 2020 : International Conference on Scientific Research and Development

Conference Location : Chicago, United States

Conference Dates : December 12-13, 2020