

Evaluation of the Effects of Some Medicinal Plants Extracts on Seed

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Abstract : In the present study, the allelopathic effects of *Eruca sativa*, *Mentha peprinta*, and *Coriandrum sativum* aqueous extracts, prepared by 25 gm and 50 gm of fresh leaves dissolved in 100 ml of double distilled water in addition to the crude extract (100%). The final concentrations were 100 %, 50%, 25% and 0% as control. The extracts were tested for their allelopathic effects on seed germination and other growth parameters of *Phaseolous vulgaris*. Laboratory experiments were conducted in sterilizes Petri dishes with 5 and 10 day time interval for seed germination and 24 h, 48 h and 72 h for radicle length on an average of 25°C. The effects of different concentrations of aqueous extract were compared to distilled water (0%). 25% and 50% aqueous extracts of *Eruca sativa* and *Coriandrum sativum* caused a pronounced inhibitory effect on seed germination and the tested growth parameters of the receptor plant. The inhibitory effect was proportional to the concentration of the extract. *Mentha peprinta* extracts, on the other hand, caused an increase in germination percentage and other growth parameters in *Phaseolous vulgaris*. Hence, it could be concluded that the aqueous extracts of *Eruca sativa* and *Coriandrum sativum* might contain water-soluble allelochemicals, which could inhibit the seed germination and reduce radicle length of *Phaseolous vulgaris*. *Mentha peprinta* has beneficial allelopathic effects on the receptor plant.

Keywords : *Phaseolus vulgaris*, *Eruca sativa*, *Mentha peperinta*, *Coriandrum sativum*, medicinal plants, seed germination

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