## The EU's Role in Exporting Digital Privacy and Security Standards: A Legal Framework for Global Normative Diffusion

Authors: Yuval Reinfeld

**Abstract :** This paper explores the European Union's expanding influence as a global regulatory power, particularly in the realms of legal, security, and privacy challenges within the digital landscape. As digital regulation becomes increasingly vital, the EU has positioned itself as a leading exporter of privacy and cybersecurity standards through landmark frameworks like the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), the Artificial Intelligence Act (AIA), and the Digital Services Act (DSA). These regulations have set global benchmarks, extending their influence well beyond Europe's borders by shaping legal frameworks in third countries and guiding the development of global digital governance. Central to this regulatory diffusion is the European Court of Justice (CJEU), whose rulings consistently reinforce and extend the reach of EU standards on an international scale. Through mechanisms such as trade agreements, adequacy decisions, and multilateral cooperation, the EU has constructed a regulatory ecosystem that other jurisdictions increasingly adopt. This paper investigates key CJEU cases to illustrate how the EU's legal instruments in privacy, security, and AI contribute to its role as a global standard-setter. By examining the intersection of digital governance, international law, and normative power, this research provides a thorough analysis of the EU's regulatory impact on global privacy, cybersecurity, and AI frameworks.

Keywords: digital privacy, cybersecurity, GDPR, European Union Law, artificial intelligence, global normative power

Conference Title: ICLSPI 2025: International Conference on Legal, Security and Privacy Issues

Conference Location: New York, United States

Conference Dates: March 17-18, 2025