

## Rice Husk Silica as an Alternative Material for Renewable Energy

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**Abstract :** Rice hull (RH) biomass product gives feasible silica for exact temperature and period. The minimal fabrication price turns its best feasible produce to metallurgical grade silicon (MG-Si). In this work, to avoid ecological worries extending from CO<sub>2</sub> release to oil leakage on water and land, or nuclear left-over pollution, all finally add to the immense topics of ecological squalor; high purity silicon > 98.5% emerge set from rice hull ash (RHA) by solid-liquid removal. The RHA derived was purified by nitric and hydrochloric acid solutions. Leached RHA sieved, washed in distilled water, and desiccated at 1010°C for 4h. Extra cleansing was achieved by carefully mixing the SiO<sub>2</sub> ash through Mg dust at a proportion of 0.9g SiO<sub>2</sub> to 0.9g Mg, galvanised at 1010°C to formula magnesium silicide. The solid produced was categorised by X-ray fluorescence (XRF), X-ray diffractometer (XRD), and Fourier transformation infrared (FTIR) spectroscopy. Elemental analysis using XRF found the percentage of silicon in the material is approximately 98.6%, main impurities are Mg (0.95%), Ca (0.09%), Fe (0.3%), K (0.25%), and Al (0.40%).

**Keywords :** siliceous, leached, biomass, solid-liquid extraction

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