## The Contribution of Shell Correction of Targets <sup>27</sup><sub>13</sub>Al, <sup>63</sup><sub>29</sub>Cu, <sup>197</sup><sub>79</sub>Au in the Calculation of Stopping Power of Charged Particles <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>4</sup>He, <sup>7</sup>Li, <sup>12</sup>C, <sup>16</sup>O for Speeds V≥V<sub>0</sub>Z<sub>1</sub><sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>

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**Abstract :** The modified Bethe-Bloch formula depends on several corrective terms; the most important of these is undoubtedly the shell correction, especially for energies of a few MeV/u and whose contribution can exceed 10% of the stopping power. The charge state of the incident ions also influences this latter, particularly heavy ions at intermediates speeds  $2Z_1V_0 \ge V \ge V_0Z_1^2/3$ . In the present work, we calculated the shell corrections of the targets  $^{27}_{13}$ Al, $^{63}_{29}$ Cu, $^{197}_{79}$ Au, the effective charge and the stopping power of the  $^{1}$ H, $^{4}$ He,  $^{7}$ Li, $^{12}$ C, $^{16}$ O ions by using the Bethe-Bloch formula at energies ranging from 1 to 100 MeV/ u. The stopping power values of the  $^{1}$ H, $^{4}$ He,  $^{7}$ Li, $^{12}$ C, $^{16}$ O ions in the targets  $^{27}_{13}$ Al, $^{63}_{29}$ Cu, $^{197}_{79}$ Au were compared to those generated by the SRIM-2013, PSTAR, ASTAR, and MSTAR calculation codes. In this study, we found that the contribution of the shell corrections could reach 13% of stopping power, especially for medium and heavy targets at energies of a few MeV/u.

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