World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology
International Journal of Mathematical and Computational Sciences
Vol:16, No:09, 2022

Existence of Rational Primitive Normal Pairs with Prescribed Norm and Trace

Authors : Soniya Takshak, R. K. Sharma

Abstract : Let q and n be positive integers, then F_φ denotes the finite field of q elements, and Fqn denotes the extension of F_φ of degree n. Also, F_φ^* represents the multiplicative group of non-zero elements of F_φ, and the generators of F_φ^* are called primitive elements. A normal element α of a finite field F_{φ^n} is such that $\{\alpha, \alpha^\varphi, \ldots, \alpha^{\varphi n-1}\}$ forms a basis for F_{φ^n} over F_φ. Primitive normal elements have several applications in coding theory and cryptography. So, establishing the existence of primitive normal elements under certain conditions is both theoretically important and a natural issue. In this article, we provide a sufficient condition for the existence of a primitive normal element α in F_{φ^n} of a prescribed primitive norm and non-zero trace over F_φ such that f(α) is also primitive, where $f(x) \in F_{\varphi^n}(x)$ is a rational function of degree sum m. Particularly, we investigated the rational functions of degree sum 4 over F_{φ^n}, where $q = 11^k$ and demonstrated that there are only 3 exceptional pairs (q, n), $n \geq 7$ for which such kind of primitive normal elements may not exist. In general, we show that such elements always exist except for finitely many choices of (q, n). To arrive to our conclusion, we used additive and multiplicative character sums.

Keywords : finite field, primitive element, normal element, norm, trace, character
Conference Title : ICFFAC 2022 : International Conference on Finite Field Arithmetic and Cryptography
Conference Location : Lisbon, Portugal
Conference Dates : September 20-21, 2022