

## Hydrothermal Synthesis of Mesoporous Carbon Nanospheres and Their Electrochemical Properties for Glucose Detection

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**Abstract :** Mesoporous carbon nanospheres (MCNs) with uniform particle size distribution having an average of 290 nm and large specific surface area (274.4 m<sup>2</sup>/g) were synthesized by a one-step hydrothermal method followed by the calcination process and then utilized as an enzyme-free glucose biosensor. Morphology, crystal structure, and porous nature of the synthesized nanospheres were characterized by scanning electron microscopy (SEM), X-Ray diffraction (XRD), and Brunauer-Emmett-Teller (BET) analysis, respectively. Also, the electrochemical performance of the MCNs@GCE electrode for the measurement of glucose concentration in alkaline media was investigated by electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS), cyclic voltammetry (CV), and chronoamperometry (CA). MCNs@GCE electrode shows good sensing performance, including a rapid glucose oxidation response within 3.1 s, a wide linear range of 0.026-12 mM, a sensitivity of 212.34  $\mu\text{A} \cdot \text{mM}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$ , and a detection limit of 25.7  $\mu\text{M}$  with excellent selectivity.

**Keywords :** biosensor, electrochemical, glucose, mesoporous carbon, non-enzymatic

**Conference Title :** ICEBM 2021 : International Conference on Electrochemical Biosensors and Microfluidics

**Conference Location :** Barcelona, Spain

**Conference Dates :** October 25-26, 2021