

The Impact of CO₂ on Learning and Memory Duration of *Bombus terrestris*

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Abstract : This study aimed to investigate the direct effects of increasing carbon dioxide (CO₂) concentration on the behavior of *Bombus terrestris* bumblebees in laboratory conditions to understand the outcomes of the augmentation of this gas in the Earth's atmosphere on the decline of populations of these pollinators. Learning and memory duration of bumblebees were evaluated as two main behavioral factors in social insects at different concentrations of CO₂. In both series of experiments, the behavior of bees under the influence of CO₂ changes compared to the control. Insects kept at high CO₂ concentrations learn less than control bees and spend more time identifying and navigating to discover their food source and access time (nectar consumption). These results showed that bees maybe lose some of their food resources due to poorer identification and act weaker on searching due to less memory and avoiding the enemy in higher CO₂ concentration. Therefore, CO₂ increasing concentration can be one of the reasons for the decline of these pollinating insects' populations by negatively affecting their fitness.

Keywords : *Bombus terrestris*, CO₂, learning, memory duration

Conference Title : ICECEE 2023 : International Conference on Environment, Conservation Ecology and Entomology

Conference Location : Montreal, Canada

Conference Dates : August 03-04, 2023