## Harmonization of Accreditation Standards in Education of Central Asian Countries: Theoretical Aspect

Authors : Yskak Nabi, Onolkan Umankulova, Ilyas Seitov

Abstract : Tempus project about "Central Asian network for quality assurance - CANQA" had been implemented in 2009-2012. As the result of the project, two accreditation agencies were established: the agency for guality assurance in the field of education, "EdNet" in Kyrgyzstan, center of progressive technologies in Tajikistan. The importance of the research studies of the project is supported by the idea that the creation of Central-Asian network for quality assurance in education is still relevant, and results of the International forum "Global in regional: Kazakhstan in Bologna process and EU projects," that was held in Nur-Sultan in October 2020, proves this. At the same time, the previous experience of the partnership between accreditation agencies of Central Asia shows that recommendations elaborated within the CANQA project were not theoretically justified. But there are a number of facts and arguments that prove the practical appliance of these recommendations. In this respect, joint activities of accreditation agencies of Kyrgyzstan and Kazakhstan are representative. For example, independent Kazakh agency of accreditation and rating successfully conducts accreditation of Kyrgyz universities; based on the memorandum about joint activity between the agency for quality assurance in the field of education "EdNet" (Kyrgyzstan) and Astana accreditation agency (Kazakhstan), the last one provides its experts for accreditation procedures in EdNet. Exchange of experience among the agencies shows an effective approach towards adaptation of European standards to the reality of education systems of Central Asia with consideration of not only a legal framework but also from the point of European practices view. Therefore, the relevance of the research is identified as there is a practical partnership between accreditation agencies of Central Asian countries, but the absence of theoretical justification of integrational processes in the accreditation field. As a result, the following hypothesis was put forward: "if to develop theoretical aspects for harmonization of accreditation standards, then integrational processes would be improved since the implementation of Bologna process principles would be supported with wider possibilities, and particularly, students and academic mobility would be improved." Indeed, for example, in Kazakhstan, the total share of foreign students was 5,04% in 2020, and most of them are coming from Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan, and if integrational processes will be improved, then this share can increase.

Keywords : accreditation standards in education, Central Asian countries, pedagogical theory, model

**Conference Title :** ICEEBMSS 2021 : International Conference on Education, Economics, Business Management and Social Science

1

**Conference Location :** Beijing, China **Conference Dates :** October 04-05, 2021