

## Lymphatic Microvessel Density as a Prognostic Factor in Endometrial Carcinoma

**Authors :** Noha E. Hassan

**Abstract :** Little is known regarding the influence of lymphatic microvessel density (LMVD) on prognosis in endometrial cancer. Prospective study was done in tertiary education and research hospital (Shatby Alexandria university hospital) on sixty patients presented with endometrial carcinoma underwent complete surgical staging. Our aim was to assess the intratumoral and peritumoral Lymphatic microvessel density (LMVD) of endometrial carcinomas identified by immunohistochemical staining using an antibody against podoplanin and to investigate their association with classical clinicopathological factors and prognosis. The result shows that high LMVD was associated with endometrioid type of tumors, lesser myometrial, adnexal, cervical and peritoneal infiltration, lower tumor grade and stage and lesser recurrent cases. There is lower lymph node involvement among cases with high intratumoral LMVD and cases of high peritumoral LMVD; that reach statistical significance only among cases of high intratumoral LMVD. No association was seen between LMVD and lymphovascular space invasion. On the other hand, low LMVD was associated with poor outcome. Finally, we can conclude that increased LMVD is associated with favorable prognosis in endometrial cancer patients.

**Keywords :** endometrial carcinoma, lymphatic microvessel, microvessel density, prognosis

**Conference Title :** ICOG 2019 : International Conference on Obstetrics and Gynaecology

**Conference Location :** Dubai, United Arab Emirates

**Conference Dates :** December 19-20, 2019